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## Super Ideas for Speech & Language Skills at Home (Grades 1-6)

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Children attend speech and language therapy for many reasons, including articulation, language, stuttering, and social skills. Good speech therapy attendance, positive reinforcement, and home practice are the common denominators for success in therapy. Parental support and supervision of speech therapy homework is essential for reaching the child's goals and objectives and carrying over the skills learned during speech therapy to other settings.

## Here are some helpful hints to work with your child at home:



1. Use a mirror to help your child with articulation homework. Your child learns where to position the tongue, lips, and teeth in therapy. Using a mirror can help the child learn to produce sounds correctly.





2. Model good speech and language for your child. Children learn speech and language through imitation. Being aware of your own speech and language, including grammar, helps your child improve his or her own skills.



3. Provide an "auditoryenriched environment." Surrounding your child with various sound stimulation opens up the ears for learning. Try audiobooks, various types of music, and environmental sound tapes or CDs.



4. Have fun conversations!
Use dinner time or other dedicated family time as a time to practice speech and language. Discussing everything from the day's events to future plans to household objects can help a child with vocabulary, sequencing, and grammar. Dinner time is a great opportunity to work on conversation skills, such as staying on topic and turntaking.





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5. Enrich vocabulary with language-based games such as: "Scrabble™," "Wheel of Fortune™," "Scattegories™," "Outburst™," 5 Second Rule, Jr., and Apples to Apples, Jr. These games all help vocabulary skills. Crossword puzzles and word search games are excellent forms of written vocabulary games.





Know your child's learning strengths and weaknesses. Your child may have many talents, including physical, musical, artistic, linguistic, and social strengths. Incorporate your child's strengths into speech and language practice. For example, if your child enjoys singing, have your child sing a song while practicing his or her articulation. If your child enjoys art, work on language goals by having your child draw a picture, and then use complete sentences and correct grammar to tell you about the picture.

Practicing speech and language skills at home can be easy and fun!

## Related Handy Handouts®:

**39** – <u>Creative Articulation Practice at Home: Fun for the Whole Family!</u>

10 - Language Lessons in the Home

**663** – Beep Beep: Speech Therapy Activities for Busy Families on the Go

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