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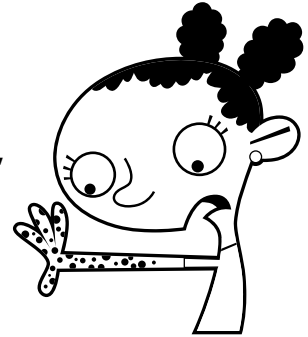


## Hand, Foot, and Mouth Disease

### A Painful, Very Contagious Virus Symptoms and Treatment

by Becky L. Spivey, M.Ed.

Hand, foot, and mouth (HFMD) disease is a very contagious viral illness named *coxsackie virus a16* and/or *enterovirus 71*. In fact, you might hear your child's doctor refer to it as the coxsackie virus. The symptoms of HFMD disease are hard to miss: painful, blister-like sores in and around the mouth, on the palms of the hands and bottoms of the feet, on the buttocks and legs, and in the throat. The illness is most common in infants and children and seems to cycle around our schools, daycare centers, and other places children gather, but *adults are susceptible as well*. The virus usually doesn't last more than a week or so and appears mostly in summer and fall.



The most common complication of HFMD disease is dehydration. The sores in the mouth and throat make swallowing painful and difficult. If dehydration is severe, intravenous (IV) fluids may be necessary.

This very contagious virus spreads through saliva, nasal mucus, and infected stools (i.e., changing a diaper or when a young child gets stool on his hands and then touches objects that other children put in their mouth). Often the disease breaks out within the local community or neighborhood or wherever children are playing together. The virus gets in the saliva from the sores and passes between different children. You can also catch the virus from someone coughing in close proximity to you.

The first symptoms of HFMD disease appear a few days before the breakout of lesions. You might notice that the child has

- Fever.
- Pain or irritability; infants, toddlers, and older children just don't seem like they feel well (just not acting like themselves).
- Been drinking less fluids. Drinking or eating is painful if the child is developing blisters in the mouth.
- Loss of energy and appetite.

Then you will see...

- Red, blister-like lesions on the tongue, gums, and inside the cheeks (some can be painful).
- Red rashes (without itching) and blisters on the palms, soles of the feet, and sometimes the buttocks and legs.

Since HFMD is viral, there is no quick cure, but the symptoms are very manageable. **Always consult**

**your physician for advice on treating HFM.** Treatment usually includes:

1. Keeping children hydrated with lots of water and cool fluids to help with sore throat. Cold foods such as flavored ice pops and ice cream may also help.
2. Treating high fevers with fever-reducing medications (under the instruction of a physician). For pain and fever, give your child acetaminophen (such as Tylenol) or ibuprofen (such as Advil). **Do not give your child aspirin.** *Aspirin has an association to Reye syndrome, a very serious illness.*
3. Avoiding giving children acidic or spicy foods and drinks, such as salsa or orange juice. These foods can make mouth sores more painful.

Children are more likely to spread the disease during the first week of the illness (even before the blisters appear), but the virus can stay in the stool for several months and can spread quickly to others. To help prevent the disease from spreading:

- Insist that everyone in your home wash their hands frequently, especially after toileting. It is especially important that adults wash their hands after touching a blister or changing the diaper of an infected child.
- Don't allow infected children to play in close contact with others, share toys, or give kisses.
- Clean toys regularly with antibacterial wipes, and wash linens, blankets, clothes, and pajamas frequently during and after the child's illness.
- Talk to the day care or school staff about when your child can return.



Even though HFM disease is a minor illness causing only a few days of fever, mild signs, and symptoms, a form of the coxsackie virus can involve the brain and cause very serious (though rare) complications:

- Viral meningitis. This is an infection and inflammation of the membranes (meninges) and cerebrospinal fluid surrounding the brain and spinal cord.
- Encephalitis. This severe and potentially life-threatening disease involves brain inflammation caused by a virus. Encephalitis is rare.

*If you suspect your child has hand, foot, and mouth disease, please contact your physician.*

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## Helpful Products

The list of Super Duper® products below may be helpful when working with children who have special needs. Visit [www.superduperinc.com](http://www.superduperinc.com) and type in the **item name or number in our search engine**. If you're viewing this Handy Handout on a computer, click the links below to see the product descriptions.

MagneTalk Turns & Topics  
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Webber Problem Solving Photo Lotto  
[Item #BGO-176](#)

Big Vocabulary Nouns Photo Cards  
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